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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/666,553	09/21/2000	Yasuhiko Nomura	001222	7592
23850	7590 11/05/2002			
ARMSTRONG,WESTERMAN & HATTORI, LLP 1725 K STREET, NW. SUITE 1000			EXAMINER	
			LEUNG, QUYEN PHAN	
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20006		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2828	
			DATE MAILED: 11/05/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

~ ·•		Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)			
	<i>e</i>	09/666,553	NOMURA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Quyen P. Leung	2828			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app		et with the correspondence address -			
Period for Reply .						
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply 0 period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we ree to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, r within the statutory minimum rill apply and will expire SIX (6 cause the application to become	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 A	ugust 2002				
2a)⊠	· · ·	s action is non-final.				
3)						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
· _	ion of Claims					
	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) 🗌 🤈	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•				
10)	The drawing(s) filèd on is/are: a)□ accep	ted or b)☐ objected to	by the Examiner.			
_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		* *			
11)[_]	The proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 						
Attachment	(s)					
2) 🔲 Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🗌 Notic	view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) te of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

In response to applicant's amendment filed 8/5/02, claims 17-20 have been amended. Claims 1-20 are pending.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 8/5/02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant made the following arguments:

"Applicants note that Kondow et al. discloses a dielectric Bragg reflector comprising alternately stacked SiN and SiO layers. However, it does not appear to disclose the additional limitation of the dielectric film containing a nitride on the side of the interface between the dielectric film and the nitride-based semiconductor layer while containing an oxide on the side opposite to the nitride-based semiconductor layer."

"Furthermore, Kondow et al. does not disclose the limitation that the nitride film is formed on the surface of the nitride-based semiconductor layer, which claim language can only be anticipated by a reference that shows the nitride film formed **directly** on the surface of the nitride-based semiconductor layer."

In response to applicant's first argument, it is disagreed that Kondow does not teach the additional limitation, as stated above. First, attention is directed to applicant's figure 3, which shows a dielectric film 12B formed on a surface of a nitride-based semiconductor layer including an emission layer (7). Note that the dielectric film (12B)

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contains a nitride (112a or 112b) on the side of the interface between the dielectric film (12B) and the nitride-based semiconductor layer (including layer 7). Also the dielectric film (12B) contains an oxide (either 112b or 112c) on the side opposite to the nitride-based semiconductor layer (including layer 7). Similarly, since Kondow discloses a dielectric Bragg reflector (11) comprising alternately stacked SiN and SiO layers, there is at least one SiN layer that is positioned closer than at least one SiO layer to the nitride-based semiconductor layer.

In response to applicant's second argument above, it is disagreed that "directly" must be read into the claim and further it is disagreed that applicant is claiming that the nitride film is formed directly on the surface of the nitride-based semiconductor layer, because applicant has claimed a broader scope which does not require it. The claim requires that a dielectric film be formed on a surface of the nitride-based semiconductor layer. Kondow teaches this. The claim requires that the dielectric film contain a nitride on the side of the interface between the dielectric film and the nitride-based semiconductor layer. It does not require that the dielectric film containing a nitride directly at the interface, as argued by applicant.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

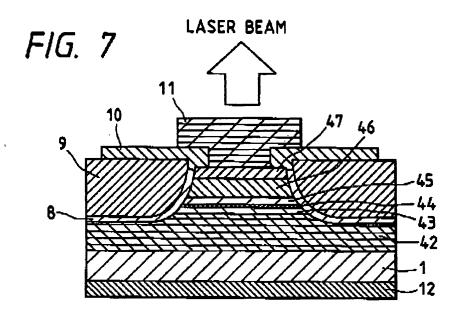
1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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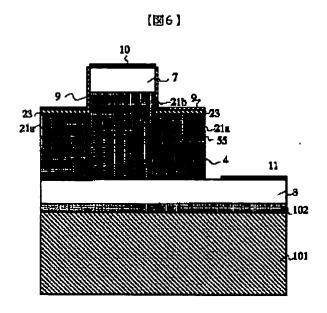
2. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kondow et al (5,912,913). Kondow et al discloses the claimed invention. Note figure 7 which



illustrates a nitride-based semiconductor laser comprising a dielectric film 11, the dielectric film 11 containing an oxide and a nitride (see col. 11 lines 57-63 and col. 7 lines 35-62).

3. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Inoguchi et al (JP 09-289358). Inoguchi et al discloses the claimed invention. Figure 6 illustrates the claimed invention. Note the dielectric layer 9 on the flat portion of the cladding layer 21a and the side surface of the ridge portion 21b.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kondow et al (5,912,913) as applied to claims 1-10 above, and further in view of Shieh et al (5,838,705). Kondow et al has been discussed above except for a dielectric film containing nitrogen and oxygen instead of just oxygen. Shieh et al shows that a dielectric film containing nitrogen and oxygen (oxynitride) is an equivalent structure known in the art. See Shieh et al col. 4 lines 28-37. Therefore, because these two

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dielectric materials were art-recognized equivalents at the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to substitute a dielectric film containing nitrogen and oxygen for that containing just oxygen.

6. Claims 1, 14-16 and 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Inoguchi (JP 09-289358) as applied to claim 17 above, and further in view of Shieh et al (5,838,705). Inoguchi has been discussed above except for a dielectric film 9 containing nitrogen and oxygen instead of just oxygen. Shieh et al shows that a dielectric film containing nitrogen and oxygen (oxynitride) is an equivalent structure known in the art. See Shieh et al col. 4 lines 28-37. Therefore, because these two dielectric materials were art-recognized equivalents at the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to substitute a dielectric film containing nitrogen and oxygen for that containing just oxygen.

Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Fujii (5,742,728) teaches a short wavelength laser emitting diode and Koga (5,727,008) teaches a semiconductor light emitting device.
- 8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

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shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quyen P. Leung whose telephone number is (703) 308-0545. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Ip can be reached on (703) 308-3098. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7724 for regular communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Qùyện P. Leung Primary Examiner Art Unit 2828

QPL November 4, 2002